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Impact of Legislation to End the Prevention and Public Health Fund

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Democratic Staff

Investments in public health and disease prevention make our country healthier and more productive. These investments are some of the most cost-effective interventions in health and health care, with every \$1 spent in proven community-based programs yielding an estimated return of \$5.60.¹ The landmark Affordable Care Act established the Prevention and Public Health Fund, which provides \$1 billion in each of FY 2012, 2013, and 2014 (and \$13.5 billion total for FY 2012-FY 2022) to state and local public health entities for activities to address key health risk factors such as preventing smoking and tobacco use, increasing physical activity, and improving nutrition; and to strengthen state and local public health infrastructure.

Legislation to repeal the Prevention and Public Health Fund would have a significant impact in Georgia and in Representative Barrow's district, endangering millions of dollars in funding, and minimizing the ability for communities to address critical public health problems.

The impact of such legislation in Georgia and in Rep. Barrow's district includes:

- **Eliminating critical investments in public health and prevention.** Since 2010, Georgia has received \$18.2 million from the Prevention and Public Health Fund.²
- **Impeding progress that counties within Georgia can make in responding to factors that contribute to poor health and premature death.** In 2012, here is how each county within Rep. Barrow's district scored.

<u>County</u>	<u>Rank on Health Factors³</u> <u>(of 156 total counties)</u>	<u>Rank on Health Outcomes⁴</u> <u>(of 156 total counties)</u>
Baldwin	92	84
Bulloch	49	29
Burke	129	151
Candler	137	66
Chatham	25	61
Effingham	28	28
Emanuel	132	122
Evans	122	127
Glascok	46	152
Hancock	151	94

¹ Trust for America's Health, *Prevention for a Healthier America: Investments in Disease Prevention Yield Significant Savings, Stronger Communities*, online at <http://healthyamericans.org/reports/prevention08/Prevention08.pdf>

² Department of Health and Human Services, online at <http://www.healthcare.gov/center>

³ Robert Wood Johnson Foundation and University of Wisconsin Population Health Institute, *County Health Rankings & Roadmaps Project*, online at <http://www.countyhealthrankings.org>. "Health factors" include well-established measures on health behaviors, clinical care, social and economic factors, and physical environment.

⁴ *Ibid.* "Health outcomes" include well-established measures on mortality and morbidity.

<u>County</u>	<u>Rank on Health Factors³</u> <u>(of 156 total counties)</u>	<u>Rank on Health Outcomes⁴</u> <u>(of 156 total counties)</u>
Jefferson	136	126
Jenkins	155	129
Johnson	125	91
Montgomery	99	52
Richmond	90	117
Screven	98	132
Taliaferro	Not Rated	Not Rated
Tattnall	138	130
Toombs	113	80
Treutlen	140	65
Warren	139	97
Washington	118	139